



Safeguarding Policy & Guidelines

The purpose of this policy statement is to protect children and young people who receive SUPREME Dance services from harm. This includes the children of adults who use our services, to provide staff and volunteers, as well as children and young people and their families, with the overarching principles that guide our approach to child protection.

This policy applies to anyone working on behalf of SUPREME Dance, including senior managers and the board of trustees, paid staff, volunteers, sessional workers and students.

Everyone at our organisation shares an objective to help keep children and young people safe by:

- Providing a safe environment to learn in;
- Identifying and responding to children, young people and vulnerable adults in need or support and/or protection;
- Supporting children and young people's development in ways which will foster a sense of self-esteem and independence; and
- Fostering a learning environment in which every pupil feels valued and able to articulate their wishes and feelings in their preferred method of communication in an atmosphere of acceptance and trust.

We will endeavor to ensure that children are protected from harm while they visit or are attending classes on our property. We will do this by:

- Making sure our staff are recruited with integrity
- Providing appropriate training for staff in issues of child protection
- Carrying out checks and monitoring of all staff (including teaching staff, administrators and ancillary staff) which may require them to undergo an Enhanced Criminal Records Bureau disclosure
- To establish and maintain an ethos where children and young people feel secure and are encouraged to talk, and are listened to
- Taking all reasonable steps to ensure the health, safety and welfare of any child in contact with us
- Not physically, emotionally or sexually abusing any child in contact with us
- Taking all reasonable steps to prevent any staff member, persons working for us or member of the public from putting any child in a situation in which there is an unreasonable risk to their health and safety
- Taking all reasonable steps to prevent any staff member, persons working for us or member of the public from physically, emotionally or sexually abusing any child



- Reporting to the Principal Safeguarding Officer any evidence or reasonable suspicion that a child has been physically, emotionally or sexually abused in contact with us or anyone in our organisation
- Referring to statutory authorities all incidents reported to the Principal Safeguarding Officers
- Implementing this policy in conjunction with our Health and Safety guidelines already in place
- Everyone working or applying to work for this organisation will be made aware of our policy for children's welfare. Furthermore, this document will be issued to all staff and other people who are likely to have contact with children as part of their work with us. Copies of the policy will be held by the Principal Safeguarding Officer.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ALL STAFF

These guidelines apply to a situation involving children and young people up to age 18, whether or not accompanied by adults. We also recognise that vulnerable people of any age will benefit from similar safeguards. Wherever guidelines refer to children, this broader meaning applies.

These guidelines apply to all staff, contractors, freelance staff, volunteers and consultants working within our organisation or on our premises. In the case of contractors and consultants, it is incumbent upon the Principal Safeguarding Officer to ensure that they are made aware of these guidelines.

GENERAL DUTIES FOR ALL STAFF

In regard to the safety and welfare of children and similarly vulnerable people all staff are required to:

- Agree to ongoing monitoring of their suitability for a position working with children and vulnerable adults which may include an Enhanced Criminal Records Bureau/ Disclosure and Barring Service Disclosure
- Take all reasonable steps to protect children from hazards
- Strictly observe the code of behaviour in this document
- Take prompt and appropriate action if an accident occurs



- Take all reasonable steps to prevent abuse of children in contact with anyone within the organisation
- Report any incident or suspicion of abuse promptly
- Safety of participants and staff is of prime consideration at all times
- All accidents involving anyone should be recorded in the organisation's accident book or other formal recording systems immediately or as soon as practicably possible
- Staff are responsible for familiarising themselves with building/facility safety issues, such as fire procedures, the location of emergency exits, the location of emergency telephones and first aid equipment
- Staff are responsible for reporting suspected cases of child abuse to the named responsible person and/or agencies
- Appropriate staff should have access to any parent consent/emergency consent forms for all children taking part in any activities [this information should be confidential]
- Staff should ensure that their activities start and end on time
- Staff are expected to promote, demonstrate and incorporate the values of fair play, trust and ethics throughout their activities
- Staff should ensure that they are adequately insured, to protect against claims of negligence, through their organisation or their own personal insurance if acting as a self-employed agent

CODE OF BEHAVIOUR FOR ALL STAFF

People working at our organisation must always observe the following requirements where children, young people or similarly vulnerable people are concerned. Do and Do Not when working with children:

DO:

- Behave professionally



- Listen to children
- Treat everyone with respect
- Communicate at an appropriate level
- Be aware of policy and procedures
- Report any suspicions within our guidelines
- Be aware, approachable and understanding

DO NOT:

- Harm a child or frighten a child
- Touch inappropriately
- Use inappropriate language
- Threaten, shout or be aggressive
- Force a child to do something they do not want to do
- Mistreat, demean, ignore, or make fun of
- Show favouritism to any one individual or groups of individuals
- Let a child expose him/herself to danger
- Make racist, sexist or any other remark which upset or humiliate
- Take photos of children without permission

You have a strict duty never to subject any child to any form of harm or abuse. Failure to adhere to these procedures will be treated as gross misconduct.



ADMISSION PROCEDURES

A register of names, addresses, next of kin and contact addresses and telephone numbers for emergencies will be kept.

Parents or carers, and where appropriate older children, will be given a copy of a written statement which specifies the action which will be taken in the event of a child becoming ill or being injured and which indicates that any information which suggests that a child has been abused will be passed on to the Social Services Department and/or the police.

PHOTOGRAPHING CHILDREN

Photographs of children should only be used if written consent has been obtained from a parent, guardian or, if referring to school groups, relevant school authority. General group photographs may be used if no individual can be identified by reason of any attached data. Permission should be obtained firstly to take the photograph and secondly for permission from the parent if the photograph is to be reproduced.

WHAT TO DO IF AN ACCIDENT HAPPENS

Depending on your judgment of the situation, go to the scene immediately if possible and/or summon First Aid assistance and/or contact the emergency services. With children, it can be hard to assess whether they have been injured or the extent of the seriousness of an injury. If you have any doubt about this, you should err on the side of caution and contact the emergency services. Even if a child is accompanied and you think an accident is not being treated seriously enough, get medical assistance on your own initiative if necessary. All accidents should be reported in the Health and Safety manual.

FIRST AID

Unless there is good reason, First Aid should not be administered without the permission of the child's parent or accompanying adult. A child cannot give consent. If the parent is not at the premises, obtain their phone number and try and make contact. However, if a child is alone and seriously injured or unconscious, the situation will need to be dealt with immediately. If at all possible, treatment should only be given by a trained First Aider.

Provided this does not in itself put the child at risk, always try to administer First Aid with another adult present. Always tell the child exactly what you are doing and why.



Unless it is irrelevant, ask the child if they use medication (e.g. for asthma, diabetes, and epilepsy) or have any allergies. Some children have allergic reactions to stings.

For minor injuries, you may not offer any medication, including antiseptics or pills of any kind. If you have any doubts about helping someone to use their own medication, phone National Health Service Direct on 111 or the emergency services.

Any treatment should be as little as necessary without threatening the child's wellbeing.

If a child comes to you for comfort because of a minor accident or fright, it is acceptable with the Code of Behaviour to hold their hand or put your arm around them. Just ensure:

- You know about any injury and do nothing to make it worse
- Physical contact is what the child wants, and the kind of contact between you is appropriate to their age and stage of development
- You do your best to stay in sight of other adults

If a child needs a doctor or hospital, call the emergency services.

It is nearly always best to stay with them and wait for the ambulance. You should only take the risk of bringing in the child yourself if the emergency services ask you to do so because of exceptional circumstances.

CHILD ABUSE GUIDELINES

The NSPCC has a written document which outlines the requirements for professionals reporting child abuse in the United Kingdom. To read this information, please follow the link below:

<https://www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing-abuse/>

The Department of Health website www.doh.gov.uk contains a practical guide to the law relating to child protection, particularly The Protection of Children Act 1999. The site also provides a publication entitled: "What to do if you're worried a child is being abused". This publication has been developed to assist practitioners to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. It sets out the process for safeguarding children. It is aimed at those who come into contact with children and families in their everyday work.



THE ROLE OF THE PRINCIPAL SAFEGUARDING OFFICER

The Principal Safeguarding Officer is Nicole Romasz and she can be contacted on supreme.dance@hotmail.com or 07712264969

The Principal Safeguarding Officer will ensure that they are knowledgeable about child protection and that they undertake any training considered necessary to keep updated on new developments. The Principal Safeguarding Officer is the link between the members of the public, and staff. The Principal Safeguarding Officer will have the following functions. Namely to:

- Be an advisor to all organisation and freelance staff on best practice in regard to the child protection policy
- Agree incident reporting procedures
- Keep records of incidents and reports, together with any other relevant information
- Report incidents to the Statutory Authorities and ensure that appropriate information is available at the time of referral and that the referral is confirmed in writing, under confidential cover;
- Ensure that individual case records are maintained of any compliant, injury or action taken by the organisation

ENHANCED CRB/DBS DISCLOSURE

All staff including teachers, freelance teachers, contractors, volunteers, administration and ancillary staff should undertake an Enhanced CR/DBSB disclosure where this is deemed to be appropriate and relevant. It is strongly recommended that this is kept up-to-date. It is the Principal's responsibility to view the contents of the Enhanced CRB/DBS disclosure and make a decision about whether that staff member should be excluded from working with young people within their organisation.



This policy statement came into force on01.06.2020..... (Date)

We are committed to reviewing our policy and good practice annually.

This policy statement and accompanying procedures were last reviewed on.....01.06.2020.....
(Date)

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Signed: [This should be signed by the most senior person with responsibility for safeguarding and child protection in your organisation, for example the safeguarding and child protection lead on your board of trustees].

Date:01.06.2020.....